

雙流國家森林游樂區範圍涵蓋屏東縣獅子鄉的丹路村及草埔村,因楓港溪上游內文溪與雙流溪兩大支流匯集穿越而得名。溪流為園區帶來充足的水源,並 以雙流瀑布最知名。本區因充足的水源加上複雜的地形,植被茂密,林相多樣,春夏兩季蝴蝶種類豐富,冬季更有紫斑蝶群聚度冬,是南部極佳的賞蝶景 點。園區內有瀑布步道、白榕步道、帽子山步道及沿山步道,各具特色。

Shuangliu National Forest Recreation Area encompasses Danlu and Caopu villages in Pingtung County's Shizi Township. Shuangliu ("two rivers") is named for the two tributaries on the upper reaches of the Fenggang River that flow through and come together here, the Neiwen River and Shuangliu River, within the recreation area, These rivers bring an abundance of water and flow through the recreation area's most famous feature, Shuangliu Waterfall. All of this water, plus a complex topography, dense vegetation, diverse forest, rich array of butterfly species in spring and summer, and a concentration of overwintering purple crow butterflies, make this the best place for butterfly-watching in southern Taiwan. The area is also home to the Waterfall Trail, Banyan Trail, Mt. Maozi Trail, and Mountainside Trail, each with its own special characteristics.

國家森林遊樂區

Shuangliu National

Forest Recreation Area

The Landscape

雙流位於恆春丘陵,楓港溪上游,區內地形起伏變化複雜,山谷、山 脊錯綜分散其間;以中央的溪流河谷為最低,向兩側增高。區內地形 普遍陡峭,坡度大多在30度以上,僅溪流兩側較為平坦,是雙流主要 的游憩活動地區。本區地質岩層大部分由黑色到深灰色的硬質岩、板 岩、千枚岩和深灰色的硬砂岩互層組成,偶有零星散佈的泥灰岩團

Shuangliu lies in the hills of Hengchun, on the upper reaches of the Fenggang River. Its undulating terrain features a complex topography of intersecting valleys and ridges; its lowest point is the central river valley, with the elevation rising on both sides. The terrain is generally precipitous, with most of the slopes having a gradient of more than 30 degrees; the only relatively flat land is on the two sides of the river, which host most of the area's recreational activities. The geology is made up mostly of alternating layers of dark-gray to black hard rock, slate, phyllite, and graywacke sandstone, with a scattering of marlstone conglomerate.



▲ 雙流瀑布 Shuangliu waterfall

Macaca cyclopsis

Waterfall and Streams

區內最負盛名之特色景觀雙流瀑布位於楓港溪上游,位於瀑布步道盡 頭,接近內文溪與雙流溪的匯流處,瀑布落差25公尺,水量充沛、 氣勢壯麗。瀑布激濺形成的負離子與森林樹木產生的芬多精,對身心 健康大有裨益。雙流溪水質清澈明淨,孕育出茂密的森林與完整的溪 流生態,溪中魚類在陽光照耀下,鱗光閃閃,吸引溪濱鳥類與食蟹獴 在此出沒。溪畔設有親水階梯與石砌拱橋「彩虹橋」,方便遊人親近 溪流,觀察溪中生態。

Shuangliu Waterfall, the best-known scenic spot in the recreation area, is located at the end of Waterfall Trail on the upper reaches of the Fenggang River, near the confluence of the Neiwen and Shuangliu rivers. The abundance of water flowing over the 25-meter waterfall creates a magnificent sight. The negative ions generating by the splashing waterfall and the phytoncides produced by the trees are good for both physical and mental health. The clean, clear water of the Shuangliu River gives rise to dense forest growth and a complete stream environment, and the sunlight reflecting off the fish in the river attracts riparian birds and crab-eating mongooses. Riverbank steps and the arched masonry Rainbow Bridge allow visitors to observe life in the stream up close.



Rice field frog

Crab-eating mongoose

Life in Forest

初的夜晚則有成群的螢火蟲。

雙流的環境良好,棲地環境多樣,造就熱鬧豐富的自然生態。園區

內步道附近常有臺灣獼猴、穿山甲、野豬、臺灣野兔、大赤鼯鼠及

食蟹獴等動物的身影或痕跡;臺灣藍鵲、樹鵲、綠繡眼、白耳畫眉

及五色鳥的歌聲此起彼落;還有多種蚌類和蛇類出沒,請務必保持

距離,避免干擾!此外,園區有紀錄的蝴蝶將近200種,以鳳蝶、斑

蝶與粉蝶科最多;冬季在沿山步道則有成群度冬的紫斑蝶;春末夏

The environment in Shuangliu is in excellent condition with diverse habitats.

Formosan rock macagues, pangolins, wild boars, Formosan hares, Formosan

giant flying squirrels, and crab-eating mongooses, and the tracks they have left,

are frequently seen along area trails, and the calls of Taiwan blue magpies, grey

treepies, Japanese white-eves, and Taiwan barbets fill the air. There are also

numerous species of frogs. But please keep your distance and do not disturb them.

Almost 200 species of butterflies have been recorded in the area. Swallowtails.

milkweed butterflies, and garden whites are most common in winter, overwintering

crows flitter in groups along the Mountainside Trail in their season, and swarms of

fireflies fill the air with flickering lights on spring and early summer nights.

Formosan giant flying squirrel

訊息 Important Information

游客須知

- 1. 園區服務時間 08:00 17:00
- 2. 本森林遊樂區位於山區中,請遊客注意自身安全,豎有危險標誌的地區 嚴禁游客進入,並請遵循步道及指示牌行走。
- 3. 危險峭壁、陡坡請勿攀登
- 4. 山區潮濕,步道溜滑,請小心慢行。
- 5. 本區域屬自然森林環境,偶有毒蛇、虎頭蜂出沒,遇見時請勿做出拍打、 攻擊、具威脅性之行為,應保持安靜加速離開該區域,以免發生叮咬之情形。
- 6. 為了防止森林火災發生,本遊樂區嚴禁生火、烤肉、野炊。
- 7. 禁止在樹木、標誌牌、公共設施物上噴漆文字、圖形、切割、損毀或採擷 園區各種植物等行為。
- 8. 上山前請注意步行所需時間,並攜帶足夠的水。
- 9. 園區溪流深潭多,屬危險水域,請勿任意下水,以策安全。
- 11. 從事森林遊憩行為,應穿著輕便舒適之衣物及便於行走的鞋子。塗抹香水 及其他芳香劑易招致蜂螫
- 本園區虎頭蜂盛行季節為每年7月~11月,須特別注意。
- 12. 為防止狂犬病擴散,本區域禁止攜帶犬、貓等寵物入園。
- 13. 山區環境多為訊號死角, 收訊不良, 敬請結伴同行, 並了解園區緊急無線 雷涌訊位置。

Notification

- 1. Service hours: 08:00 17:00
- 2. The recreation area is situated in the mountains. Please be careful and pay attention to safety Entry is strictly forbidden in areas where danger signs are posted. Please stay on the trail and
- Do not climb cliffs and slopes.
- 4. The mountain area is often damp and the trail may be slippery. Please proceed with caution.
- 5. Venomous snakes and hornets will appear occasionally in this area. Do not swat, attack or make threatening actions towards them when encountered. Stay calm and leave as soon as possible to avoid deadly bites and stings.
- 6. Prevent forest fires, No fires, barbeguing, or cooking are allowed in the recreation area.
- 7. Do not draw, paint, or carve on trees, signs, or public facilities, or damage or pick plants in the
- 8. Before setting out on a trail, please note the time required for hiking and carry sufficient water.
- 9. The streams have many deep pools and undercurrents. For your safety, no swimming is allowed.
- 10. Smoking, drinking alcoholic beverages, and chewing betel nuts are prohibited in the recreation area. 11. Visitor should wear appropriate and comfortable clothing and shoes. Be cautious during the active
- hornet season from July to November and avoid wearing perfume to reduce the chance of
- 12. Pets such as dogs and cats are prohibited in this area to prevent the spread of rabies.
- 13. Mountain areas often have poor or no signal reception. Visitors should be accompanied and know the location of emergency radios while hiking in the area.



▲ 端紫斑蝶 Striped blue crow butterfly Euploea mulciber barsine



▲ 圓翎紫斑蝶 Blue-banded king crow butterfly Euploea eunice hobsoni

臺灣野兔 Formosan hare Lepus sinensis formosanus

Shuangliu National Forest Recreation Area Address : No. 23,Lane 2 Danlu, Danlu Village, Shizi Township, Pingtung County

Tel: (08)870-1393~5 Vistor Center : (08)870-1499



大眾運輸

從高雄火車站搭往台東的客運,或由台東往楓港的班車,在雙流站下車步行可抵達。 查詢電話:國光客運免付費客服服務專線0800-010-138

毎開車

路線一(高雄→雙流) 3號國道南州交流道下→省道台1線→枋寮→楓港→ 省道台9線→14.3公里→全家便利商店前右轉,即可進入雙流國家森林遊樂區

路線二(台東→雙流)台東→省道台9線→知本→太麻里→大武→19.5公里→

過全家便利商店後左轉,即可進入雙流國家森林遊樂區 Public Transportation

From Kaohsiung Railway Station, take a bus toward Taitung; or from Taitung, take a bus toward Fenggang, Alight at Shuangliu Station and walk to the recreation area. Telephone: Kuo Kuang Bus toll-free line, 0800-010-138

Driving

Route1(Kaohsiung→Shuangliu) Exit Freeway no.3 at Nanzhou interchange→ Provincial Highway no.1→pass though Fangliao and Fenggang→Provincial Highway no.9 →14.3Km→Shuangliu

Route2(Taitung—Shuangliu) Taitung—Provincial Highway no.9—Pass through Chihben, Taimali, and Taiwu→19.5Km→Shuangliu

旅遊建議行程(一日行程)

行程— 雙流國家森林遊樂區停車場→遊客服務中心暨自然教育中心→ 沿山步道→瀑布步道→白榕步道→遊客服務中心暨自然教育中心→回程

行程二 雙流國家森林遊樂區停車場→遊客服務中心暨自然教育中心→ 帽子山步道→瀑布步道→遊客服務中心暨自然教育中心→回程

Suggested Itineraries(1 day)

Itinerary 1 Shuangliu National Forest Recreation Area Parking Lot→ Visitor Center/Nature Center→Mountainside Trail→Waterfall Trail→ Banvan Trail→Visitor Center/Nature Center→Return

Itinerary 2 Shuangliu National Forest Recreation Area Parking Lot→ Visitor Center/Nature Center→Mt. Maozi Trail→Waterfall Trail→ Visitor Center/Nature Center→Return

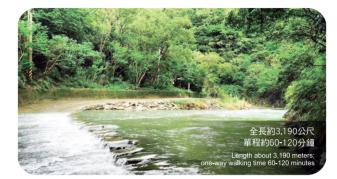
雙流國家森林遊樂區

(08)870-1499

屏東縣獅子鄉丹路村丹路2巷23號 電話:(08)870-1393~5







是區內的主要步道,前段平坦,沿楓港溪岸而行;後段山路行經茂密森林,終點即為「雙流瀑布」,瀑布水流終年不斷,氣勢磅礴,並有豐富的負離子,有助於鎮定人體自律神經,放鬆身心。

This is the recreation area's main trail. The first part, which runs along the bank of the Fenggang River, is level; the last part, which runs through dense forest, ends at Shuangliu Waterfall. Water flows over the falls all year round, presenting a magnificent spectacle and producing an abundance of negative ions that help calm the autonomic nervous system and relax the body and mind.





一路上坡,是極佳的賞蝶地點,沿途野生動物活躍。山頂海拔約700公尺,是園區最開闊的瞭望點,設有瞭望平台,可眺望臺灣海峽、太平洋、園區全貌及四周群山景觀。山頂附近植被相當特殊,包含多種特色植物如臺灣野牡丹藤、桃葉珊瑚及嶺南青剛櫟等。

Uphill all the way, this is a great trail for butterfly-watching and observing wildlife. The elevation at the peak is about 700 meters and provides the most expansive views in the recreation area; here you will find a scenic outlook from where you can see the Taiwan Strait and Pacific Ocean, as well as the entire recreation area and its surrounding mountains. The vegetation near the peak is rather unusual, with numerous unique species such as the Formosan medinilla, Chinese aucuba, and Champion's oak.





沿瀑布步道上方山坡而行,大致與瀑布步道平行,沿途有4個出入口,如遇溪水暴漲,便成為離開的替代道路。步道上的「沿山吊橋」,可觀察平常看不到的樹冠層結構。此一路線為紫斑蝶過境度冬的路線,是一探紫斑蝶神秘之美的首選步道。

This trail runs along the slope above the Waterfall Trail and roughly parallels it. The Mountainside Trail has four entrances that can serve as alternative exit routes in case the river rises sharply. From the trail's Mountainside Bridge you can see the structure of the forest canopy, which is normally out of sight. Crow butterflies follow this route on their overwintering migration, making this the first choice for viewing the mysterious beauty of these creatures.





通往瀑布步道中段,沿途海拔落差約180公尺,隨步道海拔變化,林相豐富多變。沿途以桑科榕屬的植物最具特色,且白榕的數量最多,在步道上常見長滿支柱根的白榕巨木。此外,步道路徑旁還可看見排灣族的矮牆遺址。

This trail runs to the central section of the Waterfall Trail. It covers an elevation change of 180 meters, reflected by differences in forest plant communities. The fig trees display their particular characteristics along the trail; most numerous are the Banyan tree. Here you can also see giant Banyan trees with a full complement of prop roots. You can also see the ruins of the low walls of Paiwan dwelling ruins along the way.